

**陕西省横山县塔湾镇中学2020届九年级上学期英语第一次月考试卷**

**一、完形填空**

1.阅读下面短文，按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求，从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案，使短文连贯完整。

Dear Micheal,

    How's your vacation? I'm visiting my uncle in Spain. He lives in the sunny and beautiful city of Valencia, in Spain.

    Yesterday, I had great fun. My uncle 1 me to the tomato festival in Bunol, which is just 30 miles away from where my uncle lives. You have 2 never heard of this festival before. Neither had I. The tomato festival is called "La Tomatina"in Spanish. It was 3 and messiest tomato fight in the world. When we first got to the square where the festival took place, it was very crowded 4 people from all around the world, and many trucks were carrying tomatoes. My uncle told me the crowded people here 5 around 38,000 and this was more than four times the population of Bunol.

    The tomato fight started as soon as the first banger was beaten. Then everyone including me started throwing 6 at each other. I took red tomatoes and threw 7 at anyone that ran, moved, bent down, or turned around. Tomatoes must be squashed before people threw them in order not 8 anybody.

    After a little while, the streets, people and nearby buildings were splashed with red. There was no winner in this fight, 9 we all had fun. As soon as a second banger was beaten, people stopped throwing.

    I really had 10 great time, I wish you were here, too. I hope I hear from you soon.

Yours,

Linda

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. take | B. took | C. will take | D. takes |
| 2. A. probable | B. final | C. probably | D. finally |
| 3. A. big | B. the biggest | C. poor | D. the poorest |
| 4. A. with | B. to | C. for | D. from |
| 5. A. is | B. are | C. was | D. were |
| 6. A. tomato | B. tomatoes | C. apple | D. apples |
| 7. A. them | B. they | C. he | D. him |
| 8. A. to hurt | B. hurt | C. to meet | D. meet |
| 9. A. and | B. so | C. but | D. or |
| 10. A. a | B. an | C. / | D. the |

2.阅读下面一篇短文，理解大意，然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案，使短文连贯完整。

    Last year I did not like my English class at all. Every class was like a bad dream. The teacher spoke so 1 that I did not understand her most of the time. I was 2 to answer the teacher's questions because of my poor pronunciation. I just hid behind my textbook and never said 3 .

    Then one day I 4 an English movie called *Toy Story*. I fell in love with it at once. So I began to watch other English movies, too. 5 I could not understand everything the characters said, their body language and the expressions on their faces helped me to get the meaning. I also realized I could get the meaning by 6 for just the key words. My pronunciation improved as well by listening to the conversations in English movies. I discovered that listening to something interesting is the 7 to language learning. I also learned useful sentences like "It's a piece of cake" or "It serves you right." I did not understand them 8 . But because I wanted to 9 the story, I looked them up in a dictionary.

    Now I really 10 my English class. I want to learn new words and more grammar so that I can have a better understanding of English movies.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. slowly | B. carefully | C. quickly | D. happily |
| 2. A. afraid | B. happy | C. proud | D. excited |
| 3. A. everything | B. something | C. anything | D. nothing |
| 4. A. looked | B. watched | C. showed | D. gave |
| 5. A. Because | B. Unless | C. Although | D. If |
| 6. A. writing | B. drawing | C. singing | D. listening |
| 7. A. meaning | B. secret | C. truth | D. importance |
| 8. A. at last | B. at first | C. at least | D. at most |
| 9. A. record | B. speak | C. search | D. understand |
| 10. A. fear | B. agree | C. enjoy | D. hate |

**二、阅读理解**

3.阅读下面一篇短文，判断下列句子是否正确。

    When you are learning a language, listening, speaking and writing are important, but reading can also be very helpful. When you read, you can not only learn some new words, but also learn how to use them. When you read a passage, it gives you a good example for writing.

    Here are some good reading tips.

    Firstly, try to read at the right *level* (水平). Read something that you can understand. If it is too hard for you, it is not interesting.

    Secondly, try to understand the new words. If there are four or five new words on a page, don't use a dictionary. Instead, try to guess their meanings as you read. *Mark* (作标记) them with a pencil. Then look them up in a dictionary when you finish reading, and write them in your own vocabulary book. Try to remember them.

    Thirdly, try to read for a short time once a day. Fifteen minutes or half an hour every day is better than two hours every Sunday. For example, you can read before you go to bed, or after you get up or at lunchtime.

    Lastly, read something that interests you. Choose a newspaper, a book or a magazine about a subject that you like. It will be easy enough for you to understand. There is something interesting in it.

（1）When you are learning a language, reading is less important than speaking.

（2）You can only learn some new words when you read.

（3）If you meet a few words on a page while reading, guess their meanings at first.

（4）Reading a lot can also help you write better.

（5）The writer gives us three pieces of advice according to the passage.

4.阅读下面B、C、D三篇短文，从各小题所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

    The Spring Festival is one of the most important festivals in China. During the festival, Chinese people have many activities. They paste up Spring Festival couplets(春联) , greeting the New Year and saying goodbye to the old year. On the first day of the Spring Festival, people wearing new clothes. Nowadays, children get red pockets from their parents and their relatives by web chat. It is a good time for people to visit relatives and friends. More importantly, the Spring Festival is celebrated not only in China but also in other parts of the world.

    The Spring Festival was celebrated in the UK from 1980. Every new year, people also get together and have lots of activities. They sing songs, dance to music, share photos with friends or watch movies in the cinema. Additionally, the Spring Festival has become a key time for Chinese living in the US. They join in a large evening party to welcome the traditional new year. The Chinese New Year will be welcomed with three weeks of celebrations across Australia. Thousands of people come to Sydney's Chinatown. They enjoy fireworks and lion dances. The family dinner on New Year's Eve is an important tradition for Chinese whether they were born in Singapore or moved there from China. They usually hold it at home because having it in a restaurant takes away the meaning of the tradition.

（1）Children can get red packets from their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_on the first day of the Spring festival.

A. friends                    B. parents and relatives                    C. teachers                    D. classmates

（2）The underlined word "fireworks" in the second paragraph means "\_\_\_\_\_\_" in Chinese.

A. 火炉工                               B. 消防员                               C. 烟花表演                               D. 畅销书

（3）Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. The Spring Festival is the most important festival in China  
B. The Spring Festival is celebrated only in China  
C. The Spring Festival was celebrated in the US from 1980  
D. Chinese living in Singapore usually hold the family dinner on New Year's Eve at home

5.阅读下面B、C、D三篇短文，从各小题所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

    You have been working hard to learn English. Do you know foreigners are trying Chinese? According to a survey, one in four American young men would like to learn it. There will be over 150,000,000 people learning Chinese around the world in the early 2019.

    "Because of Chinas fast development, Chinese has become more useful. More and more people begin to learn it." said Scott McGinnis, a Washington language expert.

    For example, in 2010, only 30 schools in America had Chinese lessons. This year, more than 300 schools there have Chinese lessons during school days. Last year, China gave 3,000 textbooks to a school in America because they had done a good job.

    Although Chinese is becoming more and more popular, it is one of the most difficult languages to learn. Usually, an English speaker takes about 1, 320 hours to become good at Chinese. He needs only 480 hours for French, Spanish or Italian.

（1）According to the passage, more and more foreigners begin to learn Chinese because\_\_\_\_.

A. they have more free time.                                B. Chinese is easy to learn.  
C. China is fast developing.                                 D. their parents ask them to learn.

（2）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_schools in America give students Chinese lessons, in 2018

A. About three hundred                                       B. Over three thousand    
C. Only thirty                                                         D. less than three hundred

（3）From the passage we know that\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. English speakers like to learn French, Spanish and Italian more than Chinese.  
B. English speakers prefer learning Chinese because Chinese is easy to learn.  
C. Chinese is easier to learn than French, Spanish and Italian.  
D. Chinese is more difficult to learn than French, Spanish and Italian.

6.阅读下面B、C、D三篇短文，从各小题所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。

    Every year, the French town of Menton hosts an event called the Lemon Festival in the world. The Lemon Festival usually takes place between mid-February until March. During the festival, around 145 tons of oranges and lemons are sent into the town. Over 300 workers work together to make giant sculptures(雕塑) out of fruits.

    Menton became the first producer of lemons in 1929. The lemons are loved by the world's best cooks. In the late 19th century, a town parade was held to encourage Menton's winter tourism. Kings, princes and artists filled the great and comfortable hotels or their own fantastic houses. Because of its great success, the streets were beautifully planted with oranges and lemons in the following years. In order to develop tourism, in 1934 the Lemon Festival was officially born.

    Sleepy Menton becomes a world of color during the festival time. People find it very exciting and full of fun. The festival is enjoyed for three whole weeks. Along with a daily Lemon and Orange Exhibition, parades on Sundays, fireworks on Thursday nights.

    Every year there will be a special theme for the Lemon festival. This year the theme of the Lemon Festival is: "The regions of France". Some of the events are free, but you need to buy tickets to see the parades.

（1）Why was the Lemon Festival officially born?

A. To encourage people to plant more lemons.  
B. To help people enjoy the winter months.  
C. To develop winter tourism in Menton.  
D. To cerebrate the success of orange planting.

（2）What is the writer trying to tell us in the second paragraph?

A. The history of Menton.                                    B. The tourist attractions in Menton.  
C. The special taste of the lemons in Menton.   D. The history of the Lemon Festival.

（3）You can enjoy the following activities EXCEPT\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ during the Lemon Festival.

A. lemon and orange shows             B. a town parade             C. fireworks             D. a concert

（4）In which part of a newspaper can you find the passage?

A. Travel                            B. Family                            C. Advertisement                            D. Sport

**三、根据所给汉语意思，用适当的单词或短语完成下列英文句子。**

7.华特·迪士尼在1928年创造了米老鼠。

Walt Disney\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Mickey Mouse in 1928.

8.越来越多的人关注他们的身体健康。

More and more people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_their health.

9.这本小说很好，很值得一读。

The\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is great. It's well worth reading.

10.蒂姆打算在父亲节给父亲一个惊喜。

Tim is going to gave his father a surprise\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

11.她是一个勤奋、耐心和善良的人。

She is hard-working, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and kind woman.

**四、短文填空**

12.用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空，使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次，每空只填一个单词。）

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| --- |
| ready, hard, final, leave, I, run, help, time, popular, learn |

    A few weeks ago, I visited Sydney, a perfect place to surf (冲浪). I knew I couldn't \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the city without going surfing myself. I booked a group surf lesson when I was in Byron Bay. Byron Bay is a really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ place for professional surfers to go!

    We first were asked to learn how to read the sea conditions and what to expect in the water. Then we did a warm-up by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ along the beach. Next, it was time to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ how to stand on the surfboard. We did it on the sand. After a lot of practice, we were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to go out into the sea and try it out on the water. I have to say, surfing is much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than it looks. When you watch people from the beach, they make it look so easy! I failed many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to stand up. Then one of the coaches came to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me and held my board steady (平稳的).

    \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I learned how to do that and by the end of the lesson I had managed to "walk on water". It was a pretty amazing feeling and I felt so proud of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

**五、任务型阅读**

13.阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，完成下列各题。

    The Chongyang Festival is a traditional Chinese festival. It is celebrated on the ninth day of the ninth lunar(阴历) month. It's also called the Double Ninth Festival.

    The festival started as early as the Warring States Period (475-221BC). It has a history of more than 1, 700 years. Among the numbers from zero to nine, nine is the highest odd number(奇数). People believe that two "ninths" meeting together stand for a long life. So it is a special holiday for Chinese people to show love and respect for their elders. They hold many kinds of activities in honor of old people to wish them good health and a long life.

    The festival comes during the golden time of fall. On the day, people traditionally drink Chrysanthemum(菊花)wine, eat Double-Ninth Cakes and climb mountains. They also carry a kind of plant, its name is dogwood, People in ancient times believed that the plant could drive away evil(邪恶的) spirits and prevent them from catching an illness in winter.

（1）When is the Double ninth Festival?

It's on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

（2）How long is the history of the Chongyang Festival?

It has a history of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

（3）What do two "ninths" meeting together stand for?

They stand for\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

（4）Who do people celebrate the Double Ninth Festival for?

They celebrate the festival to show \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

（5）What do people traditionally drink and eat on the festival?

They traditionally eat\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_on the festival.

**六、补全对话**

14.根据对话内容，将方框内符合对话情景的句子抄写在对话的空白处，使对话恢复完整。选项中有两项是多余的。

A: Hello, Michael!

B: Hello, Kangkang! Can you tell me something about the Lantern Festival?

A: Sure. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Well, when is the Lantern Festival?

A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: What do people usually do on this day?

A: They celebrate it on the evening of that day. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Great! \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A: Yes. People watch lantern shows and guess riddles on lanterns. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: How interesting! I learn a lot today. Thank you.

A: You're welcome.

|  |
| --- |
| A. It's on lunar January 15th.  B. The Lantern Festival means the end of the Spring Festival as well.  C. What would you like to know?  D. Where do you want to go?  E. Is there anything else?  F. They eat sweet dumplings for good luck.  G. They eat rice dumplings, too. |

15.根据下面对话的情景，在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句，使对话恢复完整。

A: Good afternoon.

B: Good afternoon.

A: Welcome to the English corner. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

B: I am from Grade Nine.

A: How long have you been learning English?

B: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A: Three years? It's a long time. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

B: Because I like English and I think I can learn a lot in the English Corner.

A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

B: I often listen some English news and watch some English movies.

A: Great. You speak good English.

B: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**七、书面表达**

16.近年来我国的发展世人瞩目，中国的传统文化也开始正越来越受到各国朋友的关注. 请根据提示，以“The Mid-Autumn Festival”为题写一篇短文，向外国朋友介绍我国的中秋节。

提示词：one of the most important… ;Chinese traditional festival; get together; have a big dinner; enjoy the bright full moon; carry people's wishes to the families they love.

要求：⒈根据所给要点及参考词汇，可适当发挥；

⒉字迹工整，规范；

⒊文章不得出现任何真实信息（姓名、校名和地名等）；

⒋词数：不少于70词。（开头和结尾已给出，但不计入总词数）

The Mid-Autumn Festival

    Lunar August 15th of a year is Mid-Autumn Festival.

    This is the Mid-Autumn Festival in China. I hope you'll like it.

**答案解析部分**

一、完形填空

1.【答案】 （1）B；（2）C；（3）B；（4）A；（5）D；（6）B；（7）A；（8）A；（9）C；（10）A；

【考点】日常生活类

【解析】【分析】文章大意： 这是琳达写给麦克的一封信，主要描述了自己在西班牙的叔叔家去参加布诺尔的西红柿节的经历。  
 （1）句意：我叔叔带我去布诺尔的西红柿节，离我叔叔的住处才30里远。根据全文讲述的过去的经历，因此动词应使用一般过去时态，故选B。  
 （2）句意：你可能从没听说这个节日，我也是。在句中修饰动词应是副词，probably，可能，finally，最终，结合句意应选择probably，故选C。  
 （3）句意：是世界上最大的最散乱的节日。and连接的是两个并列成分，在形式上应一致，messiest最高级则and前也应使用最高级形式，biggest，最大的，poorest，最穷的，结合句意可知应选最大的，故选B。  
 （4）句意：当我们先到节日举行的广场上时，那儿挤满了来自世界各地的人，许多拖拉机载着西红柿。固定搭配， be crowded with， 挤满……，故选A。  
 （5）句意：我叔叔告诉我这儿拥挤的人群有约3.8万人，是布诺尔的四倍多。全文讲述的是过去的事情动词应使用过去时态，主语是the crowded people，复数，be动词用were，故选D。  
 （6）句意：每个人包括我互相扔西红柿。这是西红柿节，并且根据下文 I took red tomatoes  ，可知不止一个西红柿名词应使用复数形式，故选B。  
 （7）句意： 我拿起红番茄，向所有跑着、动着、弯着腰或转身的人扔去。指代上文提到的可数名词复数tomatoes，应使用复数代词，且做动词宾语，故使用them， 故选A。  
 （8）句意： 西红柿必须在扔出去时挤破，以防伤到人。根据句中的 squash，挤破，可知目的是不伤害人，hurt，伤害，in order to do，为固定搭配，故选A。  
 （9）句意：在大战中没有赢家，但是我们都很高兴。and和，so因此，but但是，or或；根据句意可知这是表示的转折关系应使用but，故选C。  
 （10）句意：我过的非常开心，希望你也在这儿。固定搭配，have a great time，玩得高兴，故选A。  
 【点评】考查完形填空，一般的做题步骤：1. 跳过空格，通读短文，了解大意。2. 复读短文，确定语义，判断词形。3. 三读短文，上下参照，验证答案。

2.【答案】 （1）C；（2）A；（3）C；（4）B；（5）C；（6）D；（7）B；（8）B；（9）D；（10）C；

【考点】日常生活类

【解析】【分析】文章大意：短文主要讲述了一些作者对英语课的感受，去年作者不喜欢上英语课，每节课对他都是噩梦，但是在看了《玩具总动员》之后，爱上了英语学习。  
 （1）句意：老师说话太快，大多时候我听不明白。A. slowly慢慢地，B. carefully仔细地，C. quickly快地，D. happily快乐地，根据下文说我大多时候听不明白可知老师说话快，故选C。  
 （2）句意： 由于我的发音不好，我不敢回答老师的问题。 be afraid to do不敢去做，be happy to do乐于做某事，be proud to do 为（做）某事而骄傲 ，be excited to do做某事感到兴奋，根据下文中的发音不好可知是不敢回答问题，故选A。  
 （3）句意： 我只好把脸藏在课本后面，从不发言。everything每件事物，something一些事物与nothing什么事物都没有用于肯定句中，anything一些事物用于否定句中，never否定词含有never的为否定句，故选C。  
 （4）句意：有一天，我看了一部英语电影《玩具总动员》。观看电影应使用动词watch，故选B。  
 （5）句意：尽管我并不都能理解角色们说的话，但是他们的肢体语言和脸上的表情却有助于我的理解。A. because因为，引导原因状语从句；B. unless除非，引导条件状语从句；C. although尽管……但是……，引导让步状语从句；D. if如果，引导条件状语从句。根据句意可知这是一个让步状语从句应使用although，故选C。  
 （6）句意：我也意识到，可以通过只听关键词就能理解。A. writing写；B. drawing画；C. singing唱；D.listening听；根据下文中的My pronunciation improved as well by listening to the conversations in English movies. 可知应为听listening，故选D。  
 （7）句意：我发现,听一些感兴趣的东西是语言学习的秘诀 。A. meaning意思；B. secret秘诀；C. truth真相；D. importance重要性；根据句意可知说的语言学习的秘诀，故选B。  
 （8）句意：我起初并不明白这些句子的含义。A. at last终于； B. at first最初； C. at least至少； D. at most至多；根据句意可知表示的是一开始学习的时候，故应使用at first，故选B。  
 （9）句意：但我因为想了解故事，所以就用词典来查单词。A. record记录；B. speak讲；C. search搜寻；D. understand理解；根据下文中的的查字典可知是是要理解故事，故选D。  
 （10）句意：现在我真的喜欢英语课了。根据下文内容可知想要更好的理解英语电影就需要学更多的单词和语法，表明作者喜欢英语课，A. fear害怕；B. agree同意；C. enjoy喜欢；D. hate讨厌；故选C。  
 【点评】考查完形填空，首先通读文章，掌握文章大意，再细读文章通过上下文联系、语法规则确定所缺失的词，选出合适的答案。

二、阅读理解

3.【答案】 （1）0  
（2）0  
（3）1  
（4）1  
（5）0

【考点】日常生活类，任务型阅读

【解析】【分析】文章大意：在语言学习中听、说和写是重要的，读也很重要。介绍了练习读的方式。  
 （1）细节理解题。根据第一段中的When you are learning a language, listening, speaking and writing are important, but reading can also be very helpful当你学习一门语言时，听、说、写很重要，但阅读也很有帮助。可知阅读并不比别的重要性小，故答案为错误。  
 （2）细节理解题。根据第一段中的When you read, you can not only learn some new words, but also learn how to use them 当你阅读时你不仅可以学习一些新单词，而且还可以学习如何使用它们。可知阅读能学到的不只是新词，故答案为错误。  
 （3）细节理解题。根据第四段中的If there are four or five new words on a page, don't use a dictionary. Instead, try to guess their meanings as you read如果一页有四五个生词，不要使用字典。相反，试着在你阅读的时候猜出它们的意思。 可知与到新词先猜它们的意思，故答案为正确。  
 （4）细节理解题。根据第一段中的When you read a passage, it gives you a good example for writing当你阅读一篇文章时，它给了你一个写作的好例子。 可知阅读能提高写作，故答案为正确。  
 （5）细节理解题。根据文中列举的firstly…secondly…thirdly…lastly…可知一共从四个方面提出了建议，故答案为错误。  
 【点评】日常生活类阅读。细节理解题，因为细节题大多能直接从文中找到答案，正确理解题干和信息句的意义是关键。

4.【答案】 （1）B  
（2）C  
（3）D

【考点】日常生活类

【解析】【分析】文章大意： 本文介绍中国春节不仅在国内庆祝，而且在世界上其他国家也有庆祝活动例如英国、澳大利亚和新加坡。  
 （1）细节理解题，Nowadays, children get red pockets from their parents and their relatives by web chat如今，孩子们通过网络聊天从父母和亲戚那里得到红包。可知孩子是在父母和亲戚那里的到红包，故选B。  
 （2）词义猜测题。They enjoy fireworks and lion dances他们喜欢舞狮和焰火表演，firework烟火，故选C。  
 （3）推理判断题。根据最后一段中的The family dinner on New Year's Eve is an important tradition for Chinese whether they were born in Singapore or moved there from China. They usually hold it at home because having it in a restaurant takes away the meaning of the tradition无论是在新加坡出生的中国人，还是从中国移民到新加坡的中国人，除夕夜的家庭聚餐都是一个重要的传统。他们通常在家里举行，因为在餐馆举行会让传统失去意义。可知新家坡的中国人会在除夕吃团圆饭，故选D。  
 【点评】考查阅读理解，做阅读理解练习应先看问题，弄清考点。在阅读短文之前，快速浏览问题，以便在阅读短文时做到心中有数，快速、准确地捕捉所要信息。

5.【答案】 （1）C  
（2）A  
（3）D

【考点】日常生活类

【解析】【分析】文章大意：汉语现在有很多外国人在学习，根据调查四分之一的美国人在学习汉语，由于中国的快速发展使汉语在国际上更有用，在美国开设汉语课的学校已经在2018有300多所，汉语是世界上最难学的语言之一。  
 （1）细节理解题。根据第二段中的Because of Chinas fast development, Chinese has become more useful. More and more people begin to learn it由于中国的快速发展，汉语变得更有用了。越来越多的人开始学习它。可知是因为中国的快速发展导致的外国人开始学汉语，故选C。  
 （2）细节理解题。根据第三段中的This year, more than 300 schools there have Chinese lessons during school days今年，有300多所学校在教学日开设了汉语课。可知在2018年开设的大概有300所学校，故选A。  
 （3）推理判断题。根据最后一段中Usually, an English speaker takes about 1, 320 hours to become good at Chinese. He needs only 480 hours for French, Spanish or Italian通常，一个说英语的人要花上1320个小时才能学好中文。他只需要480小时学习法语、西班牙语或意大利语。 可知相比较来说汉语比法语、西班牙语和意大利语都难，故选D。  
 【点评】考查阅读理解，本题为说明性的阅读理解题，细节理解题在读完全文的基础上快速找出对应的句子，做出正确答案，推理判断题需要对句子加以理解，从常理等方面去加以推测。

6.【答案】 （1）C  
（2）D  
（3）D  
（4）A

【考点】记叙文

【解析】【分析】文章大意：介绍了法国小镇芒顿的柠檬节。  
 （1）细节理解题。根据第二段中的In order to develop tourism, in 1934 the Lemon Festival was officially born为了发展旅游业，1934年柠檬节正式诞生。可知目的是为了促进旅游业发展，故选C。  
 （2）大意理解题。第二段主要讲述的是在法国的芒顿小镇举办的柠檬节的起源，故选D。  
 （3）细节理解题。根据第三段中的The festival is enjoyed for three whole weeks. Along with a daily Lemon and Orange Exhibition, parades on Sundays, fireworks on Thursday nights这个节日可以持续整整三个星期。除了每天的柠檬和橘子展览，周日的游行，周四晚上的烟花。可知在节日期间没有音乐会，故选D。  
 （4）推理判断题。整篇文章介绍的是芒顿的柠檬节，因此是跟旅游有关的文章，故选A。  
 【点评】考查阅读理解，阅读理解主要是考查考生综合运用所学语言知识的能力，包括阅读、理解、归纳概括、逻辑推理以及对材料的评估能力等。在阅读技巧上，考生要注意文章的个别词或句子、文章的某细节或情节、文章的主题或背景知识、文章的结论或结局、文章内涵的寓意等。

三、根据所给汉语意思，用适当的单词或短语完成下列英文句子。

7.【答案】 created

【考点】汉译英，一般过去时

【解析】【分析】根据中英文对照可知缺少的成分是“创造”，create，创造，时间状语是1928是过去的时间动词应使用过去时态，故填created。  
 【点评】考查汉译英，注意动词时态的确定。

8.【答案】 care about

【考点】汉译英，表示目前存在的状态、性质或经常发生的动作或习惯

【解析】【分析】根据中英文对照可知缺少的成分是“关注”，care about，关注，没有时间的句子一般按现在时态对待，主语是people动词care应使用原形，故填care about。  
 【点评】考查汉译英，注意中英文对应确定所缺成分，注意动词时态的确定。

9.【答案】 novel

【考点】汉译英，可数名词

【解析】【分析】根据中英文对照可知缺少的成分是“小说”，novel小说，动词使用的是is，故名词novel使用单数形式，故填novel。  
 【点评】考查汉译英，注意可数名词的单复数的判断。

10.【答案】 on Fathers' Day

【考点】汉译英，专有名词

【解析】【分析】根据中英文对照，可知缺少的成分是“在父亲节”，Father's Day，父亲节，具体到某一天应使用介词on，故填on Father's Day。  
 【点评】考查汉译英，注意日常见到的一些节日的拼写。

11.【答案】 patient

【考点】汉译英，形容词原级

【解析】【分析】根据中英文对照可知缺少的成分是“耐心”，patient，有耐心的，and连接的并列成分词性上应一致，故使用形容词，故填patient。  
 【点评】考查汉译英，注意平时词汇的积累。

四、短文填空

12.【答案】 leave；popular；running；learn；ready；harder；times；help；Finally；myself

【考点】选词填空

【解析】【分析】文章大意：描述了我去悉尼学习冲浪的故事。  
 选项意思：ready准备好；hard难的；final最终；leave离开；I我；run跑；help帮助；time次数；popular流行的；learn学习  
 （1）句意：我知道不去冲浪我就不能离开这个城市。放在couldn't后的动词应使用原形，leave，离开，动词，故填leave。  
 （2）句意：拜伦湾确实是受专业冲浪者欢迎的好去处! popular，受欢迎的，故填popular。  
 （3）句意：然后我们通过在沙滩上跑步进行热身。固定搭配，by doing，通过做某事，run跑步，根据warm-up可知是做热身活动，故填running。  
 （4）句意：下一步，是学习在冲浪板上站立的时间了，固定搭配，learn to do，学习做某事，固定句式，it is time to do sth，是做某事的时间了，可知动词应使用原形，故填learn。  
 （5）句意：在大量练习后，我们准备好去海上试试。固定搭配，be ready to do，准备好做……，故填ready。  
 （6）句意：我不得不说，冲浪比看起来要难，than应与形容词hard的比较级连用，故填harder。  
 （7）句意：我失败了许多次才站起来。time次数，可数名词，many修饰应使用复数，故填times。  
 （8）句意：后来一个教练过来帮助我并稳住我的冲浪板。to后的动词应使用原形，help帮助，故填help。  
 （9）句意：最终我学会了这一点，在这节课结束的时候做到了“水上行走”。final，最终，修饰句子应使用副词，位于句首大写第一个字母，故填Finally。  
 （10）句意：这是一种非常奇妙的感觉，我为自己感到非常自豪！动作落在主语自己身上应使用反身代词做宾语，I 的反身代词是myself。故填myself。  
 【点评】考查选词填空，选词填空一直是英语考试中的难点，得分率比较低。解答此类题型的方法一般就是根据句子上下文推断出词义，结合所给单词判断出所缺单词，然后根据该单词在句子中的句子成分，所起作用，进行适当词形变化。

五、任务型阅读

13.【答案】 （1）on the ninth day of the lunar month  
（2）more than 1700 years  
（3）a long life  
（4）love and respect for their elders  
（5）Double Ninth Cakes

【考点】任务型阅读

【解析】【分析】文章大意：本文介绍的是中国的传统节日重阳节，介绍了重阳节的时间、历史起源、为什么叫重阳节及人们怎样庆祝重阳节 。  
 （1）根据第一段中的 It is celebrated on the ninth day of the ninth lunar(阴历) month. 在阴历的九与九日庆祝重阳节，故答案为 the ninth day of the ninth lunar month。  
 （2）根据第二段中的 It has a history of more than 1, 700 years.  它有着17,000多年的历史，故答案为more than 1, 700 years。  
 （3）根据第二段中的People believe that two "ninths" meeting together stand for a long life 人们认为双九意味着长寿，故答案为a long life。  
 （4）根据 第二段中的So it is a special holiday for Chinese people to show love and respect for their elders 因此这是一个中国人民对长辈表示爱与尊敬的节日，故答案为 love and respect for their elders。  
 （5）根据第三段中的On the day, people traditionally drink Chrysanthemum(菊花)wine, eat Double-Ninth Cakes and climb mountains. 那天,人们通常喝菊花酒，吃重阳糕和爬山。故答案为Double-Ninth Cakes。   
 【点评】考查任务型阅读，阅读文章回答问题，在理解问题的基础上通读文章找出答案。

六、补全对话

14.【答案】 C；A；F；E；B

【考点】七选五题型

【解析】【分析】大意：康康告诉麦克元宵节的一些知识。  
 A. It's on lunar January 15th.    在农历正月十五。   
 B. The Lantern Festival means the end of the Spring Festival as well.  元宵节也意味着春节的结束。  
 C. What would you like to know?  你想知道什么？  
 D. Where do you want to go?  你想去哪？  
 E. Is there anything else?  还有别的事情吗？  
 F. They eat sweet dumplings for good luck.   他们吃元宵祈求好运。  
 G. They eat rice dumplings, too.   他们也吃粽子。  
 （1）根据上文你能告诉我一些有关元宵节的事情吗？可知应是说好的，你想知道什么，故选C。  
 （2）根据上文元宵节是什么时候，可知回答元宵节的日期——农历正月十五，故选A。  
 （3）根据上文的人们通常在元宵节做什么？他们通常在晚上庆祝，他们吃元宵祈求好运。故选F。  
 （4）根据下文说的是的，人们还会看灯展猜灯谜，可知应为问还做别的事情吗？故选E。  
 （5）根据上下文内容可知这是所得跟元宵节有关的事情， 元宵节也意味着春节的结束。放在这里做一个对该节日介绍的总结，故选B。  
 【点评】考查七选五，七选五的答案选项较少，并且给出的都是句子，因此，我们可以通过句子的完整性或者句子后面的标点符号来判断该句在文章中的位置。另外，通过阅读选项，有可能找出跟其他选项表达完全不同意思的句子，这样的话我们就可以直接将该选项排除。

15.【答案】 Where are you from?；I've been learning for 3 years.；Why do you come to the English Corner.；How do you learn English?；Thank you.

【考点】补全对话

【解析】【分析】大意：两个人在英语角见面作自我介绍。  
 （1）根据句尾的问号和下文 I am from Grade Nine 我来自九年级，可知应为问你来自哪里？询问地点，用哪里，where，来自，from，你，you，be动词用are，故填Where are you from。  
 （2）根据上文的 How long have you been learning English?你学英语多长时间了？和下文的Three years？三年，应为我已经学英语三年了。用现在完成进行时，have been doing，学习，learn，3年，for 3 years，故填 I've been learning for 3 years 。  
 （3）根据句尾的问号和下文 Because I like English and I think I can learn a lot in the English Corner因为我喜欢英语并且我认为在英语角能学到很多的英语，可知问的是为什么要来英语角，对原因进行提问，用why，来，come to，故填 Why do you come to the English Corner。  
 （4）根据下文I often listen some English news and watch some English movies.我经常听一些英语新闻、看些英语电影。可知为问学习英语的方式，对方式进行提问，用how，学习英语，learn English，故填 How do you learn English。  
 （5）根据上文You speak good English你英语说得很好，受到表扬后，应表示感谢，谢谢，Thank you，故填 Thank you 。  
 【点评】考查补全对话，首先浏览整个对话，掌握大意，答题过程中结合上下文内容进行作答，最后通读检查是否符合逻辑。

七、书面表达

16.【答案】 The Mid-Autumn Festival

    Lunar August 15th of a year is Mid-Autumn Festival. It is one of the most important festivals in China. It is also a Chinese traditional festival. On this day, people often get together to have a big dinner with their family. At night, people oft en enjoy the bright full moon and eat all kinds of delicious mooncakes in the open air. The mooncakes are round like the moon. They carry people's wishes to the families they love. Some people don't come back home until mid-night. How happy they are on this day!

    This is the Mid-autumn Festival in China. I hope you'll like it.

【考点】命题作文

【解析】【分析】这是一篇命题作文，主要要求以“The Mid-Autumn Festival”为题写一篇说明文，写作中要包括所给参考词汇及要点。根据内容要求可知应使用一般现在时态，以第三人称单数为主语，注意上下文的联系、符合逻辑关系、符合英文表达形式。  
 【点评】这是一篇优秀的短文，短文的内容完整，符合题目要求；按要求使用了题目中要求的词汇one of the most important… ；Chinese traditional festival； get together； have a big dinner； enjoy the bright full moon； carry people's wishes to the families they love，把他们串联到了短文里，意思比较清楚。另外，作者也使用了正确的人称和时态，句子表达符合英语的表达习惯，语法也很准确。